



Introduction

The **RNrich** General Kit provides all of the reagents necessary to extract total RNA from a wide variety of biological sources. RNA purified with this kit is suitable for a variety of applications, including amplification and digestion with restriction endonucleases.

RNrich General Kit components*	Cat. No. AEGRX-1106-050
TR Buffer	20 ml
Activator Reagent**	1 ml
VI Buffer	15 ml
PE Buffer	15 ml
Wash Buffer(conc.) **	15 ml
Elution Buffer	3 ml
Manual	1

* 1.5 ml microcentrifuge tube, molecular biology grade water, and absolute ethanol are needed but are not included.

** Please refer to reminder, Activator Reagent Preparation and Wash Buffer Preparation before using this kit.

Chemical Hazard

Always wear gloves and practice standard safety precautions while using the kit. Do NOT disinfect extraction waste in solutions containing **bleach** or any other form of acid. To clean any items contaminated with the reagent, simply soak in detergent and water to remove all traces of contamination before cleaning with bleach or acidic solutions.

Reminder

Pre-set heather block at **65**°C.

Prepare Activator Reagent immediately prior to use. Prepared Activator Reagent must be kept at 4°C. During RNA extraction, never open the microtube cap outside the laminar hood.

Activator Reagent Preparation

Add 1 ml of molecular biology grade water to **Activator Reagent**, and vortex it well. **Note**: Mark the check box on the bottle.

Note: For the best results, the prepared Activator Reagent should be used immediately. Prepared Activator Reagent can be stored for up to 3 months at 4°C.

Wash Buffer Preparation

Add **35 ml molecular grade absolute ethanol** to each **Wash Buffer** bottle before first use and mark the check box on the bottle.

PROTOCOL

Step 1: Sample Preparation

• Transfer **50 mg** (up to 200 mg) or **100 µl** of sample into a sterile 1.5 ml tube.

Step 2: Tissue Digestion

Note: Refer to reminder before use activator reagent.

- Add **400** µl of **TR Buffer** and **20** µl of prepared **activator reagent** to the sample tube and vortex.
- Incubate at **65**°C until tissue completely lysed (**usually 20** to 120 minutes).
- Note: During incubation time, vortex vigorously the sample tube every 10 minutes.
 Incubate at 85°C for 10 minutes.

Step 3: Lysis

- Add **300 µl** of **VI Buffer** to the sample tube and mix by vortex.
- Keep at room temperature for 10 minutes and invert each 5 minutes.
- Centrifuge at **11000 g** for **15** minutes.
- Carefully transfer **300 µl of supernatant** to a new **1.5** microcentrifuge tube and do not disturb the phases.

Step 4: **RNA Precipitation**

- Add **300 µl of PE Buffer to** the sample tube and **invert** slowly for 15 times.
- Incubate the samples at -20°C for 60 minutes. Note: In sample with low amount of RNA, incubation time can be up to overnight.
- Centrifuge at **12000 g** and **4°C** for **15** minutes.
- **Decant** the supernatant into waste. **Note**: While decanting, be careful not to lose the RNA pellet.

Step 5: Wash

Note: Refer to reminder before use Wash Buffer.

- Add **500 µl** of **Prepared Wash Buffer** to the sample tube, invert slowly for 10 times and then centrifuge at **12000 g** and **4**°C for **10** minutes.
- **Decant** the supernatant into waste.
- Repeat Step 5.
- **Decant** the supernatant into waste, and let stand until dry.

Step 6: RNA Elution

- Add **50 µl of Elution Buffer** to the sample tube.
- Resuspend the RNA for 5 minutes at room temperature, and then centrifuge at 8000 g for 1 minute. Note: Store RNA at -20°C

